William Austin Junior School

Policy for Safer Recruitment

Adopted from LBC Policy



1. Introduction

- 1.1 The school is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people and expects all employees, volunteers and contractors to share this commitment.
- 1.2 The school is dedicated to appointing the best person for the job. Employing the right person for the job critical to the success of delivering the best education to pupils. However, it is essential that the right person be recruited following safer recruitment practices and procedures.
- 1.3 The success of a safer recruitment process is dependent on the school's recognition and consequent rejection of potentially unsuitable applicants before or at the interview. Any approach that undermines this process (either by failing to focus on behaviour and attitudes or by failing to reject applicants who are unsuitable) places the school at risk of jeopardising the safety and welfare of its children and young people.
- 1.4 The Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act (2006) (as amended) sets out the activities and work which are categorised as 'Regulated Activity'. 'A person who has been barred by the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) must not carry out work which meets the definition of 'Regulated Activity'. The Act makes it a statutory obligation to make appropriate checks before any employee or volunteer works with children or vulnerable adults. It is therefore imperative that all vetting checks, DBS checks and the receipt and validation of references are completed **before** an individual starts work.
- 1.5 Regulated activity focuses on work which involves close and unsupervised contact with vulnerable groups, including children. A more detailed definition of regulated activity can be found in Keeping Children Safe in Education.
- 1.6 This policy should be used in conjunction with the statutory guidance; <u>Keeping Children Safe in Education</u> and <u>Working Together to Safeguard Children</u>.

2 Purpose

- 2.1 The purpose of this document is to describe the recruitment and selection process and to provide a set of operating guidelines for hiring employee's in schools. This policy sets out the **minimum** requirements of the recruitment process that aims to:
 - attract the best possible applicants to vacancies;
 - deter prospective applicants who are unsuitable for work with children and young people;
 - identify and reject applicants who are unsuitable for work with children and young people

3 Scope

3.1 The measures described in this policy should be applied in relation to everyone who works, or applies to work, in the school when there are pupils under 18 years of age and who is likely to be perceived by the pupils as a safe and trustworthy adult. This will not only apply to people who regularly come into contact with pupils, or who will be responsible for pupils, as a result of their work. It will also include people who regularly work in a school when the pupils are present, who may not have direct contact with pupils as a result of their job, but nevertheless will be seen as safe and trustworthy because of their regular presence

in the setting. This includes workers not on the payroll, e.g. staff employed by contractors, and unpaid volunteers.

4 Equal opportunities

- 4.1 No person seeking employment within a school will be treated less favourably than any other person or group because of any of the following protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010:
 - Age
 - Disability
 - Gender Reassignment
 - Marriage and Civil Partnership
 - Pregnancy and Maternity
 - Race
 - Religion or Belief
 - Sex
 - Sexual Orientation
- 4.2 Further information can be found in the Equal Opportunities Policy at Appendix 1
- 4.3 All applicants for employment, or voluntary work, will be assessed on their relevant skills, qualifications and experience. Applicants will only be prevented from being appointed if previous offences are directly relevant to the position being applied for and it is considered that if appointed they would pose a risk to children, young people, the public, property or public funds. This procedure incorporates a policy for the recruitment of ex-offenders or where there is a positive DBS or previous convictions disclosed.

5 Start of the recruitment process and preparation

- 5.1 The recruitment process is usually initiated by a resignation but not always. A vacancy can be created by additional sources of funding attached to a specified role, or due to increased workload requiring additional resources.
- 5.2 In the case of a vacancy created by a resignation, it is often tempting to fill the post on a like for like basis. However, opportunity should be taken to review:
 - the necessity for the post;
 - relevance and appropriateness of the job role;
 - whether certain aspects can be used to enrich the role of existing post holders;
 - whether the role could be performed in another way e.g. through enhancing IT, or by job sharing, part-time working etc.
- 5.3 This review will take into account the developments within the school development plan, the known and anticipated challenges for the school and financial projections.
- 5.4 One valuable source of information can be the post holder who is resigning, through conducting an exit interview. An exit interview template can be found in Appendix 2. Governing bodies should establish who would normally be responsible for conducting the exit interview. This could be conducted by the headteacher, a senior teacher or a school governor. Where the employee does not feel that the person assigned to conduct the exit interview is the appropriate person, then they must raise this in the first instance with the headteacher or chair of governors.
- 5.5 The person conducting the exit interview will also be responsible for analysing the exit interview information and communicating any patterns/issues or feedback to the headteacher and / or governors as appropriate.

6 Planning and preparation

- 6.1 A well planned and structured recruitment process ensures the best chance of recruiting the best person for the role, and ensures that any information that could be important in determining whether or not someone is safe to work with children is not missed.
- 6.2 It is important to be clear about what mix of qualities, qualifications and experience a successful candidate will need to demonstrate, and whether there are any particular matters that need to be mentioned in the advert for the post.
- 6.3 It is important to note that the recruitment process from advertising a post to a new recruit starting work, can take at least 12 weeks. Every post must have an up to date job description, which clearly defines the responsibilities of the job. Job descriptions and person specifications should be sent to Luton HR Traded Services Team (Academies) or the councils Job Evaluation Team (Community Schools) to be evaluated prior to the role being advertised, where amendments have been made. The turnaround time for job evaluation can be up to four weeks; therefore, this should be taken into consideration when planning a recruitment process.
- A safer recruitment checklist is available in Appendix 3 as a tool to guide schools through the process to ensure that all necessary steps detailed in this document have been followed.

7 Forming a selection panel

- 7.1 The schools governing body will determine the delegation of roles and responsibilities for recruitment. In normal circumstances the governing body should delegate the responsibility for all staff appointments, other than the leadership team, to the headteacher. For maintained schools, the School Staffing (England) Regulations 2009 sets out the process that should be followed when recruiting to leadership posts. Further advice can also be found in Staffing and employment advice for schools.
- 7.2 Governors may support the headteacher in the recruitment process. The selection panel should comprise of preferably three individuals, or in exceptional circumstances, two governors (except in the case of a headteacher for whom the model procedure is laid down in <u>Recruiting a headteacher</u>.
- 7.3 With effect from 1st January 2010, the School Staffing (England) Regulations 2009 require governing bodies of maintained schools to ensure that at least one of the persons who conducts an interview has completed safer recruitment training. Governing bodies of maintained schools may choose appropriate training and may take advice from the local three safeguarding partners in doing so. The training should cover, as a minimum, the content of keeping children safe in education.
- 7.4 The interview panel for maintained school appointments, must have at least one member of that panel safer recruitment trained.
- 7.5 The panel should be agreed in advance of short listing and should be involved at both short listing and interview stages. Panel members should be aware of the need for confidentiality throughout the process.
- 7.6 The schedule for the day should allow adequate time for the panel to assess and score each candidate at every stage. If candidates have been made aware of interview dates via the advert and subsequently find that the date offered is not convenient, the panel is under no obligation to offer an alternative date. However, if attendance becomes impossible due to illness or for another substantial or unavoidable reason the panel may wish to accommodate a request for an alternative date.
- 7.7 The panel should agree a set of questions they will ask all candidates relating to the requirements of the post, and the issues they will explore with each candidate based on the information provided in the candidate's application and references. A candidate's response to a question about an issue will determine whether and how that is followed up. The panel cannot, therefore, agree in advance an exhaustive list of questions for each candidate from which they will not deviate.

8 Safeguarding children statement

8.1 The safeguarding statement that is relevant to all posts within schools is:

"The school is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people and expects all staff and volunteers to share this commitment".

- 8.2 This statement clearly sets out the extent of the relationships/contact with children and the degree of responsibility for children that the person will have in the position to be filled. (N.B. all work in a school or similar setting involves some degree of responsibility for safeguarding children, although the extent of that responsibility will vary according to the nature of the post.) Research confirms that unsuitable applicants will be deterred if they believe an organisation is alert to safeguarding issues and has appropriate policies in place.
- 8.3 All recruitment and selection literature should include the above safeguarding statement in addition to the DBS statement below:
 - "Applicants must be willing to undergo child protection screening appropriate to the post, including checks with past employers and the Disclosure and Barring Service."
- 8.4 Candidates should also be made aware that, as per Keeping Children Safe in Education, CVs will only be accepted alongside a completed application form. A CV on its own will not provide adequate information and should not replace the need for candidates to explain how they meet the essential criteria in full. The necessary safeguarding and DBS statement can be found at Appendix 4.
- 8.5 Candidates should be made aware that if shortlisted, online searches will be carried out. Further information on online searches can be found at paragraph 17.1.

9 Job descriptions and person specifications

- 9.1 When the decision has been taken to fill a vacancy, the first task will be writing or reviewing a job description. The job description will give a clear and precise definition of the post, its main responsibilities (which have a clear result or outcome and which the job holder is responsible for achieving) and the context in which it operates. When defining the role schools should consider the skills, abilities, experience, attitude and behaviours required for the post.
- 9.2 Devising a person specification is also a critical part of the process of recruitment and selection as it provides the basis for the advert, short listing, interview questions and the use of other selection methods and the final decision between candidates. It can also be used for the purpose of performance appraisal and determining training and development needs. It is therefore essential that the person specification is accurate and reflects what is **actually** needed to perform the role effectively as described in the job description. It is also critical that the person specification is not discriminatory. Specifically, care must be taken to avoid unintentional contravention of the Equality Act 2010 in relation to the protected characteristics set out above.
- 9.3 The job description forms the basis of the person specification. There should not be any criteria contained within the person specification that are not clearly required to meet the responsibilities in the job description. Having produced an accurate job description, the next step is therefore to identify the knowledge, skills, experience and abilities needed to fulfil each of the principal responsibilities and then to summarise these into the headings within the person specification. A template person specification and guidance on how to complete each section can be found in Appendix 5.

10 Equality issues

10.1 Equality issues are an essential criteria for all roles in schools, therefore it is a requirement to have at least one equality related criterion is included in the person specification.

11 Measuring and testing against criteria

- 11.1 In order to give complete clarity and transparency to the process it is good practice to include against each of the criteria at the application stage how the assessment will be made. Some criteria may be tested by a combination of two or more methods, for example:
 - interview
 - tests or practical exercises
 - presentation
 - technical tests
 - in-tray exercise
 - group exercise
 - personal interviews for posts with access to children
 - lesson observations
- 11.2 Candidates should be told in advance of the type of test they may be expected to take by including the appropriate numbers in the 'How Measured' column of the person specification, for example:
 - 1 = application form
 - 2 = interview
 - 3 = test
 - 4 = proof of qualification
 - 5 = practical exercise

12 Positive action

- 12.1 It is lawful under the Equality Act (2010) for an employer to take action when it **reasonably thinks** that people with a protected characteristic (listed in section 4) are under-represented in the workforce, or suffer a disadvantage connected to that protected characteristic. This is known as 'Positive Action'.
- 12.2 Positive action must not be confused with positive discrimination which is unlawful. An example of positive discrimination would be appointing to a post because the candidate suffered a disadvantage connected to a protected characteristic and not because that person was best for the job.
- 12.3 If there is under-representation of people with a protected characteristic in your school, then you can encourage applications from these individuals when advertising. To do this, the following standard wording should be applied in your advert:
 - 'We particularly welcome applications from women and/or men and/or people from ethnic minorities who are under-represented in our school'. As laid down in the Equality Act 2010.
- 12.4 The relationship between positive action and operational need in schools is very close. One form that 'positive action' takes is including the requirement for oral and/or written competency in a specific language.

13 The advert

13.1 The aim of the advertising process is to attract the maximum number of applicants who have the necessary skills and experience to be able to perform the role effectively, but to help deter unsuitable

people from applying for the job from the outset. What is said in the advert and where it is placed will have an important bearing upon the response elicited.

- 13.2 To ensure equality of opportunity it is the school's policy to advertise all posts externally unless the following circumstances apply such as:
 - There are or may be employees with the appropriate skills already employed within the school and the post offers progression opportunities
 - There are or may potentially be redundant employees with appropriate skills within the school.
 - The school is re-organising, amalgamating or enlarging
 - A post has been occupied in a temporary or fixed term capacity for more than two years and the post is continuing on a permanent basis.
- 13.3 The School Staffing (England) Regulations 2009, and associated guidance, deal with the advertisement and appointments process of posts in schools.
- 13.4 Regulations 15 and 27 require the governing body to notify the LA of any vacancy in the post of headteacher or deputy head. The governing body must advertise any such vacancy or post in such manner as it considers appropriate, unless it has good reason not to. Therefore, it is a matter for the governing body to decide where and how to advertise.
- 13.5 The associated guidance recommends that the governing body seeks advice from their LA and diocesan authority (if relevant) before deciding not to advertise. A decision not to advertise should only be taken if the governing body can demonstrate that there is good reason not to.

13.6 Writing the advert

An advert should:

- present a positive image of the school, selling both the job and the school.
- portray a clear and accurate description of the post
- be clearly written
- be drawn directly from the job description and person specification
- be free of bias and discrimination
- include the job title, location, salary and hours (including pro rata salary)
- Make clear how to apply

The advert must include the statements, in bold, found at Appendix 4 regarding the employer's commitment to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and the need for the successful applicant to undertake a criminal record check via the DBS, and that all relevant checks including an online search will be undertaken to ensure suitability of employment. The advert must also specify whether the post is exempt from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 and the amendments to the Exceptions Order 1975 (2013 and 2020.) This is required as some spent convictions and cautions are 'protected', and therefore do not need to be disclosed by applicants. Please note that if an applicant discloses caution or conviction which they were not required to disclose you must not take them into consideration. Further information about filtering offences can be found in the DBS filtering guide.

In this way, a school can present an unequivocal message in relation to safer recruitment practices, leaving no room for misinterpretation. In emphasising the school's commitment to safeguarding children, these statements should serve as a deterrent to abusers

The advert forms part of the contract of employment, therefore accuracy is critical and attempts to 'oversell' the post may be misleading and result in a dissatisfied employee and problems with retention.

13.7 Placing the advert

As far as possible, adverts should be placed where they will reach the widest relevant audience. This could include:

- Internet / Online Job Boards
- national press
- professional journals
- ethnic minority/disability press
- local radio
- community centres, churches, mosques and temples
- job centres
- libraries

13.8 Placing adverts through the local authority

Advice and guidance on the content and placing of adverts can be sought from the HR Schools Recruitment Team. On-line advert should be sent to the team at SchoolsRecruitment@luton.gov.uk providing them with 5 working days' notice. Wording of adverts will be checked for any equality implications.

14 The application form

- 14.1 An application form must be submitted by all applicants prior to short listing. A statement confirming that the application form must be completed in full before it can be considered should also be included with the application form. Applicants should be made aware that an incomplete application form or a form containing gaps in the information provided may be returned for completion before it can be considered. Schools should include a statement in the application form or elsewhere in the information provided to applicants informing them that it is an offence to apply for a role working in regulated activity if they are barred from working with children.
- 14.2 Identical procedures should be followed for internal and external applicants.
- 14.3 In line with Keeping Children Safe in Education, schools should only accept CVs alongside a completed application form. A CV alone will not provide adequate information and does not replace the need for candidates to explain how they meet the essential criteria in full. Candidates should be made aware of this requirement in the content of the advert and application pack.
- 14.4 Schools should provide a copy of the school's Child Protection Policy and Recruitment of Ex-offenders Policy (at appendix 1) with the application form, or sign post applicants as to where these documents can be found on the school's website.

15 References and referees

- 15.1 The purpose of seeking references is to obtain objective and factual information to support appointment decisions and the use of a reference pro forma can help to achieve this. Two references should be taken up before interview for the short-listed candidates, including internal applicants. This will ensure that any issues or concerns raised by the content of the references can be explored further with the referee, and/or taken up with the candidate at interview.
- 15.2 Referees should be supplied with a copy of the job description and person specification for the vacancy and asked to comment on the applicant's suitability in relation to it. A reference request pro forma can be found in the Reference Policy.
- 15.3 Guidance on obtaining and receiving references can be found in the Reference Policy.

16 Scrutinising and shortlisting

- 16.1 A Scrutinising Record Template can be found in Appendix 7.
- 16.2 The panel should be supplied with all applications received up to and including the closing date. It will be at the panel's discretion as to whether late applications are accepted. The panel should not receive any equality data relating to applicants.
- All applications should be scrutinised to ensure that they are fully and properly completed; that the information provided is consistent and does not contain any discrepancies, and to identify any gaps in employment. Incomplete applications should not be accepted and should be returned for completion. Applicants should be asked to sign a declaration confirming that the information that they have supplied on their application is true. Where this is an electronic signature, the shortlisted candidates should physically sign a hard copy of the application form at the point of interview.
- 16.4 To ensure a fair and equitable procedure, and to ensure that the appointed candidate is suitable to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the post, all candidates should be assessed equally against the criteria contained in the person specification, without exception or variation.
- Once received, schools should ensure that the references received are from the candidate's current employer, and if they are not currently working with children, a reference is obtained from the relevant employer from the last time the candidate worked with children. Schools should ensure references have been completed by a senior person with the appropriate authority. You may wish to contact the school directly to ensure that the most appropriate person has been asked to provide a reference. Information provided on references should be crosschecked with information provided on the application form to ensure that it is consistent. Any discrepancy in the information should be taken up with the applicant. References should also be checked to ensure that all specific questions have been answered satisfactorily. If all questions have not been answered or the reference is vague or unspecific, the referee should be telephoned and asked to provide written answers or amplification as appropriate. Any discrepancy in the information should be taken up with the applicant.
- Open references, for example, that begin with 'To whom it may concern' or are provided as part of the application, or that are not completed on the reference pro forma document should be queried with the applicant and potentially rejected. If you are unsure on the content of a reference, further advice can be sought from the Luton HR Traded Services Team.
- 16.7 Any information about past disciplinary action or allegations should be considered in the circumstances of the individual case. A history of repeated concerns or allegations over time is also likely to give cause for concern.
- In exceptional circumstances it might not be possible to obtain references prior to interview, either because of delay on the part of the referee, or because a candidate strongly objects to their current employer being approached at that stage, but that should be the aim in all cases. It is up to the person conducting the recruitment to decide whether to accede to a candidate's request to approach his/her current employer only if s/he is the preferred candidate after the interview, but it is not recommended as good practice.
- 16.9 Where a reference has not been obtained on a preferred candidate before interview, it must be ensured that the reference is received and scrutinised, and any concerns are resolved satisfactorily, before the person's appointment is confirmed.
- 16.10 Assessment of the applicant's suitability to work with children can only be done by considering a person's attitudes and motivation, as far as this can be assessed from the information supplied by the applicant at this stage. Any concerns should be explored and clarified at interview and cross-referenced with other checks.

- 16.11 The recommended method for undertaking the short-listing process is included in Appendix 8. This method involves each candidate being assessed against each essential criteria in the person specification on the following basis:
 - 0 does not meet the criteria
 - 1 insufficient information on application to rate
 - 2 appears to meet requirement
 - 3 definitely meets requirement.

Candidates who score 0 against an essential criteria cannot be short-listed.

- 16.12 In some instances, individual criteria may be deemed by the panel to be of sufficient importance that they should be weighted more highly than other criteria; for example, to score twice the points of other criteria. This must be agreed prior to shortlisting and continued into the interview stage.
- 16.13 At the end of the short-listing process, the product will be a list of applicants who meet or appear to meet all essential criteria. It may not be possible to interview all applicants; therefore, the panel should interview the highest scoring applicants only.

17 Other checks before or at interview

- As part of the shortlisting process schools and colleges should also consider carrying out an online search as part of their due diligence on all shortlisted candidates. This may help identify any incidents or issues that have happened, and are publicly available online, which the school or college may wish to explore with the applicant at interview. Please refer to appendix 9 for guidance on carrying out online searches for shortlisted candidates.
- 17.2 Shortlisted candidates should be asked to complete a self-declaration. The self-declaration form is an opportunity for a candidate to advise you of their criminal record or of any information that may make them unsuitable to work with children. Candidates should be asked to sign the declaration confirming the information they have provided is true. Where this is an electronic signature, the shortlisted candidates should physically sign a hard copy at the point of interview. The self-declaration form should be reviewed and discussed at interview with the candidate. A copy of the self-declaration form can be found here. Please note this information can only be requested for shortlisted candidates. This information should not be used to help to decide who should be shortlisted.
- 17.3 At interview schools must check the following:
 - identity check identity checking guidelines can be found on GOV.UK
 - qualification certificates and QTS status via the TRA website
 - right to work in the UK (Birth Certificate and proof of NI, Passport, or appropriate visa documentation)

18 Selection methods

18.1 At the time of short listing, the panel must decide upon the components of the selection process. This will always include an interview and should usually include, at least, one other job-related task or test. All these components must produce information which will enable panel members to assess candidates against the person specification. It is common and good practice for candidates to be invited to visit schools prior to the selection process or receive a tour on the day.

19 Preparing questions

19.1 Those interviewing should agree structured questions. Interview questions must relate to the person specification, and elicit information that is relevant and measurable. The panel is more likely to get

- meaningful information from candidates if the questions are grouped in an organised way. The questions should include:
- finding out what attracted the candidate to the post being applied for and their motivation for working with children;
- exploring their skills and asking for examples of experience of working with children which are relevant to the role; and
- probing any gaps in employment or where the candidate has changed employment or location frequently, asking about the reasons for this.
- the candidate's attitude toward children and young people through careful questioning
- his/her ability to support the authority/establishment's agenda for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children
- whether the candidate wishes to declare anything in light of the requirement for a DBS check
- 19.2 All information considered in the decision-making process should be clearly recorded along with decisions made.
- 19.3 If, for whatever reason, references are not obtained before the interview, the candidate should also be asked at interview if there is anything they wish to declare/discuss in light of the questions that have been (or will be) put to their referees. It is vital that the references are obtained and scrutinised before a person's appointment is confirmed and before they start work. Any information about past disciplinary action or allegations should be considered in the circumstances of the individual case.
- 19.4 Competency based interviewing is the recommended approach to asking interview questions which should maximise the amount of information available to the panel about each candidate. It is essential that factual notes of responses given are made by each panel member.
- 19.3 Some example questions around **child protection** are:

Competency	Areas that should be covered	Question
Ability to demonstrate	Self-awareness /knowledge and	What do you feel are the main
appropriate motivation	understanding of self	drivers, which led you to want
for working with		to work with children?
children	Interconnection between self	
	and professional role	
Emotional resilience in working with	Consistency under pressure	Tell me about a time when you have been working with
challenging behaviours	Ability to use authority and	children when your authority
chancinging behaviours	respond appropriately	has been seriously challenged.
	Ability to seek	The section of the se
	assistance/support where	How did you react?
	necessary	What strategies did you employ
		to bring things back in course?
		How comfortable were you with the situation?
Values and ethics	The ability to build and sustain	What are your attitudes to child
	professional standards and relationships	protection?
	·	How have these developed over
	Ability to understand and	time?
	response other people's	
	opinions	What are your feelings about
		children who make allegations
		against teachers and staff?

	Ability to contribute towards creating a safe and protective environment	
Safeguarding Knowledge and Understanding		What is the safeguarding policy in your workforce? How is it monitored? What steps have you taken to improve things?
		Give me an example of when you had safeguarding concerns about a child?
		What did you do? Who did you involve? What was the outcome?

20 Invitation to interview

- 20.1 A model template letter can be found in Appendix 9.
- 20.2 A copy of the documents used to verify the successful candidate's identity and qualifications must be checked, signed and dated on the day of interview so that candidates can take them home with them. Any foreign language documents must be accompanied by an authorised translation. If these documents are not produced at the interview, it is the school's discretion whether the interview is suspended until these documents can be produced. If the interview is not suspended, the school must ensure that these documents are produced and scrutinised before a firm offer of employment is made.
- 20.3 The panel will agree a chairperson for the purposes of conducting the selection procedure. The structure is likely to comprise the following steps:
 - welcome, introductions, explanation of the structure of the process, information about the post if relevant;
 - request original documentation for identity and proof of eligibility to work in the UK together with original copies of relevant qualifications.
 - deliver agreed questions, commencing with an open, general question to encourage candidates to talk;
 - provide an opportunity for the applicant to ask questions;
 - give information about the next steps.

All relevant paperwork should be to hand (application form, references, prepared questions, interview grid etc.) in a form that can be easily referred to.

21 Danger Signs

21.1 The interviews should be used to explore potential areas of concern to determine the applicant's suitability to work with children. Individuals unsuited to working with children may show one or more characteristics that can be viewed as possible 'danger signs. Areas that may be concerning and lead to further probing include:

- The candidate may imply that adults and children are equal in every sense, ignoring disparities of power and authority
- There may be an inability to recognise the inherent vulnerability of children from troubled or disadvantaged backgrounds
- There may be a tendency to view children and young people in idealised or romanticised terms
- They may appear dogmatic, autocratic, arrogant or over-confident
- There may appear to be an over-identification with young people, and a lack of appropriate, intimate or supportive relationships with other adults
- inadequate understanding of appropriate boundaries between adults and children;
- indicators of negative safeguarding behaviours
- 21.2 A 'best practice' system for marking candidates through the selection process is attached as Appendix 10. The following scoring system is included:
 - 1 poor
 - 2 fair
 - 3 average
 - 4 good
 - 5 excellent
- 21.3 These assessments are to be made relative to each criteria as it applies to the post. This is not intended as a mechanism to be applied strictly, which may then not recognise unanticipated but equally relevant responses, but as a helpful aide memoir.
- 21.4 Panel members should make individual assessments of each candidate immediately after the interview has taken place, i.e. between interviews. Information gained about candidates through other means, e.g. tests and tasks set, should be used only to inform the marking process against the criteria. Assessments of other skills and qualities which the candidate may or may not possess which come to light via those other means must be regarded as irrelevant.
- 21.5 Where an interviewee has a disability it may have direct relevance to their ability to do the job or parts of the job. Under such circumstances you may need to establish the need for any adjustments. The candidate should be assured that this discussion will not preclude them from full consideration for the job.
- 21.6 After all information has been gathered through the selection process, panel members will, through the sharing of their scores and by discussion, arrive at a view as to who is the best candidate, noting reasons for rejection of other candidates. Comprehensive sets of notes are critical because they may be required for inspection or for evidence at an Employment Tribunal. The notes should demonstrate whether a criterion was or was not met by each candidate and why. The panel will agree a composite score as a record of their decision and the successful candidate will be that which scores highest against the essential criteria. The desirable criteria will be called in to play where there is an equal score on two (or more) applicants on essential criteria.

22 Involving pupils

22.1 Involving pupils in the recruitment and selection process in some way, or observing short listed candidates' interaction with pupils is common, and recognised as good practice. There are different ways of doing that. For example, candidates for teaching posts might be asked to teach a lesson; short listed candidates might be shown round the school by pupils and a governor or senior member of staff, and/or meet with pupils and staff. A school adult should be present at all times. Care should be taken to ensure that each candidate enjoys conditions which are as similar as possible, e.g. in terms of age, range of abilities and behavioural standards of pupils.

23 Post interviews

23.1 Once the decision is made, in order to inform the preferred candidate of the status of their application, a letter may be sent out stating that, subject to satisfactory clearances, the post may be offered to them and that the school will contact them when the checks have come through. This is known as a conditional offer of employment.

24 Conditional offers of appointment: pre-appointment checks

- 24.1 A final offer of **employment should only be made when all checks have been satisfactorily completed** and no offer letter should be sent which does not specify these terms, should there be any checks outstanding.
- 24.2 Issuing an offer of appointment to the successful candidate before the contract is sent out is a good practice measure as it ensures the preferred candidate is informed in writing in the interim, thereby promoting a positive, professional image of the school and ensures the candidate is kept up to date.
- 24.3 An offer of appointment to the successful candidate should be conditional upon:
 - the receipt of at least two satisfactory references (if those have not already been received)
 - verification of the candidate's identity and proof of eligibility to work in the UK (if that could not be verified at the interview) by original documentary evidence, is best practice to check the candidates name on the birth certificate where this is available.
 - a check of the Barred list and, a satisfactory DBS disclosure.
 - for employees who have lived or worked outside the UK, they must undergo all of the same checks as other staff and school must carry out any other checks that the school deem appropriate, such as an overseas criminal record check or (also known as a letter of good conduct.) and obtaining a letter (via the applicant) from the professional regulating authority (this is often the Department/Ministry of Education but varies across the world) in the country (or countries) in which the applicant has worked confirming that they have not imposed any sanctions or restrictions, and or that they are aware of any reason why they may be unsuitable to teach.
 - prohibition order check (if applicable)
 - verification of the candidate's medical fitness
 - verification of qualifications from documentation brought to interview (or verified after the interview);
 - verification of professional status where required e.g. Teaching Agency registration, QTS status (unless properly exempted), NPQH;
 - (for teaching posts) verification of successful completion of statutory induction period (applies to those who obtained QTS after 7 May 1999); unless they are an NQT
 - (for non-teaching posts) satisfactory completion of the probationary period if coming from another Luton maintained school and will therefore have continuous service.
- 24.4 A template conditional offer letter is attached in Appendix 11
- 24.5 Advice should also be sought from the Luton HR Traded Services Team where:
 - an applicant has provided false information in, or in support of his/her application
 - there are serious concerns about an applicant's suitability to work with children
 - the candidate is found to be on the Barred List or the DBS disclosure shows s/he has been disqualified from working with children by a court

25 DBS checks

25.1 The safeguarding of children and young people is paramount and the school is fully committed to the rigorous implementation of the DBS requirements. It is a statutory requirement that all new appointments to the school's workforce must have an enhanced DBS Disclosure under the School Staffing (England) Regulations 2009 for maintained schools. This includes those recruited to the school from overseas, where additional checks will also be made. There is also a requirement under the regulations

for schools to keep a single central record detailing a range of checks carried out on their staff. Please see Single Central Record Guidance for more information.

- 25.2 All staff employed at the school and all regular volunteers, who will be unsupervised, should have an upto-date enhanced DBS disclosure prior to taking up their post. Further information on DBS checks for volunteers can be found at point 29 and in the Volunteer Policy.
- 25.3 The Police Act 1997 sets out what information must be disclosed on an enhanced DBS certificate. An enhanced certificate will disclose the following:
 - Adult cautions (simple and conditional) which are not eligible to be filtered
 - Juvenile and adult convictions which are not eligible to be filtered
 - An enhanced certificate may also include any other information that the police hold about the applicant, where they feel disclosure is justified in order to safeguard the children or vulnerable adults that they have applied to work with.
- 25.4 For posts that meet the definition of 'Regulated Activity' an enhanced DBS check must be carried out, along with a check against the barred list. This check is required by law, and is to check if the applicant has been barred from working with the relevant group. Further information can be found in the Policy of Recruitment of Ex-Offenders at Appendix 12.

26 Decisions on DBS disclosures for prospective employees

- 26.1 When a positive DBS reveals information, you should contact, the Luton HR Traded Services, who should confidentially discuss this with the headteacher.
- In all cases a meeting must be held between the headteacher and the applicant, and the positive risk assessment form completed by the headteacher.
- A guidance document can be found in Appendix 13 and the positive risk assessment form can be found in Appendix 14. If the decision is not to accept the DBS clearance then please speak to HR before any further action is taken.
- 26.4 Authorisation of the outcome decision must be signed by headteacher. A copy of this assessment sent which will be stored securely on the applicants HR file.

26.5 Offences ruling out appointment

Some offences will preclude appointment. Each case will be considered on its own merits, taking into account the nature of the offence and the vacancy for which the person has applied. The final decision falls to the headteacher. Further guidance on DBS disclosures can be obtained from Luton HR Traded Services team.

26.6 Applicants moving from a previous post

There is no requirement for a school to obtain an enhanced DBS certificate or carry out checks for events that may have occurred outside the UK if, during a period which ended not more than three months before the person's appointment, the applicant has worked, in a school in England, in a post:

- which brought the person regularly into contact with children, or
- to which the person was appointed on or after 12th May 2006 and which did not bring the person regularly into contact with children or young persons, or
- in another institution within the further education sector in England, or in a 16-19 academy, in a post which involved the provision of education which brought the person regularly into contact with children or young persons

Whilst there is no requirement to carry out an enhanced DBS check in the circumstances outlined above, it is strongly advised that schools should carry out an enhanced DBS check themselves, to ensure that they have the most up to date information. Schools must still carry out all other relevant pre-appointment checks, including a separate standalone barred list check if the candidate is engaging in regulated activity.

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26.7 Contractors & agencies staff

The school must ensure adherence to this policy when selecting contractors. In addition, the school should set out their safeguarding requirements in the contract between the organisation and the school. It is important that contractors are aware of their requirement to ensure this complies with the DBS Code of Practice and Safer Recruitment Practices.

Schools must ensure that they obtain written notification from the agency or third-party organisation, that they have carried out the same checks as the school would otherwise perform on any individual who will be working at the school (or working on the schools behalf, including through online delivery.

The written notification required by the school. This usually comes in the form of a letter from the agency / third party organisation on headed paper confirming that all necessary checks have been carried out. Confirmation of receipt of this information must be recorded onto the schools Single Central Record.

Where the agency or organisation has obtained an enhanced DBS certificate before the person is due to begin work at the school, which has disclosed any matter or information, or any information was provided to the employment business, the school must obtain a copy of the certificate from the agency / organisation.

27 Data Protection Act 2018 and UK GDPR

27.1 The school and its employees must comply fully with its obligations under the Data Protection Act 2018, DBS Code of Practice and other relevant legislation pertaining to the safe handling, use, storage, retention and disposal of disclosure information.

27.2 Storing disclosure information

Schools no longer directly receive a copy of an applicant's DBS certificate, it is a single certificate only, which means the applicant is the only person who receives the certificate. Keeping Children Safe in Education states that an applicant must show the original DBS certificate to their potential employer before they take up a post or as soon as practicable afterwards. When recruiting, schools must request to

see the original certificate. The school will also receive confirmation from their DBS provider to confirm clearance. The confirmation email should be retained on the employees personnel file.

Schools are not permitted to retain a photocopy of the DBS certificate.

28 Checks on overseas applicants

28.1 Individuals who have lived or worked outside the UK must undergo the same checks as all other staff in schools. This includes obtaining (via the applicant) an enhanced DBS certificate (including barred list information, for those who will be engaging in regulated activity) even if the individual has never been to the UK. In addition, schools **must** make any further checks they think appropriate so that any relevant events that occurred outside the UK can be considered. Following the UK's exit from the EU, schools and colleges should apply the same approach for any individuals who have lived or worked outside the UK regardless of whether or not it was in an EEA country or the rest of the world.

These checks **could** include, where available:

- criminal records checks for overseas applicants (letter of good conduct)
- obtaining a letter (via the applicant) from the professional regulating authority in the country (or countries) in which the applicant has worked confirming that they have not imposed any sanctions or restrictions, and or that they are aware of any reason why they may be unsuitable to teach

Where this information is not available schools should seek alternative methods of checking suitability and or undertake a risk assessment that supports informed decision making on whether to proceed with the appointment.

Although sanctions and restrictions imposed by another regulating authority do not prevent a person from taking up teaching positions in England, schools should consider the circumstances that led to the restriction or sanction being imposed when considering a candidate's suitability for employment.

29 Checks on volunteers

- 29.1 Volunteers are seen by children as safe and trustworthy adults. The same recruitment measures should be adopted as for paid staff if the school is actively seeking volunteers and is considering candidates about whom the school has little or no recent knowledge. An application form for volunteers can be found in the Volunteer Policy. The application form requires the volunteer to supply the details of two referees. The school should obtain references and other necessary checks before allowing the volunteer to work at the school. Under no circumstances should a school allow a volunteer to be left unsupervised or to carry out regulated activity before the necessary checks have been obtained.
- 29.2 Volunteers who will be left unsupervised to teach or look after children regularly or to provide personal care on a one-off basis must undergo an enhanced DBS check (including a barred list check). Schools may choose to obtain an enhanced DBS check (without a barred list check) for volunteers who are not engaging in regulated activity, schools should undertake a risk assessment and use their professional judgement and experience to decide whether to obtain an enhanced DBS certificate for volunteers not engaging in regulated activity. A risk assessment for volunteers can be found in the Volunteers Working in Schools Policy.

Where volunteers are recruited by another organisation to work in a school the school should obtain written assurance from that organisation that the person has been properly vetted.

30 Medical clearance

30.1 All new employees need to obtain medical clearance before their employment is confirmed. The questionnaire should be sent to the selected candidate with the offer of employment. The contents of the

questionnaire are confidential and Occupational Health will only discuss its contents with the manager if the information is relevant to the safe and effective performance of the job or the post holder's wellbeing.

30.2 If Occupational Health advises that the candidate requires adjustments as a result of a disability, they will contact the school directly.

31 Induction

- 31.1 In addition to the statutory induction period for Early Careers Teachers comprehensive induction is the key to ensuring that any new employee or newly promoted employee integrates well into the working environment and/or performs to the best of her/his ability in the shortest possible time. This can be achieved by timely planning and good organisation.
- 31.2 An induction programme for all staff and volunteers newly appointed in a school, including teaching staff, regardless of previous experience should be applied.
- 31.3 The purpose of induction is to:
 - provide training and information about the school's policies and procedures;
 - support individuals in a way that is appropriate for the role for which they have been engaged;
 - confirm the conduct expected of staff within the school; and,
 - provide opportunities for a new member of staff or volunteer to discuss any issues or concerns about their role or responsibilities; and,
 - enable the person's line manager or mentor to recognise any concerns or issues about the person's ability or suitability at the outset and address them immediately.
- 31.4 As far as safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is concerned the induction programme should include information about, and written statements of:
 - policies and procedures in relation to safeguarding and promoting welfare e.g. child protection, antibullying, anti-racism, physical intervention/restraint, intimate care, internet safety and any local child protection/safeguarding procedures;
 - safe practice and the standards of conduct and behaviour expected of staff and pupils in the establishment;
 - how and with whom any concerns about those issues should be raised; and,
 - other relevant personnel procedures e.g. disciplinary, capability and whistle-blowing.
- 31.5 The programme should also include attendance at or completion of child protection training appropriate to the persons role. Safeguarding children should be a prominent feature in all cases.
- 31.6 The new member of staff should sign that they have read and understood the school's code of conduct and all other key employment policies, such as behaviour management procedures, internet user policy, and social media policy etc. at the beginning on the induction. It is advisable that the headteacher or manager meet and discuss with the new staff member the aim of the code of conduct and how it is applied in the school before signing.
- 31.7 Safe practice standards and codes of conduct expected by the employer will be re-emphasised throughout the process.
- 31.8 Overall, the induction process supports new employees by exploring the issues of child protection so that they do not place themselves at risk.

31.9 It will confirm that the individual fully understands what the school expects of them, leaving no room for any claim that they were unsure of the boundaries of acceptable and unacceptable behaviour or were unaware of established procedures.

32 Personnel file checklists

32.1 A personnel file checklist should be completed for all employees on their commencement of employment and placed on the front page of their personnel file. A template of the checklist can be found in Appendix 15.

This policy will be monitored and reviewed on an annual basis.

Policy updated: September 23

Staff responsible: Sally Bacon

This policy was ratified by the Governing body on: 18th October 2023

Signed on behalf of the Governing Body:

(signature)

M. Kashif - Chair of Governors (printed)

M. Kashif

Policy statement relating to equal opportunities

1.0 Introduction

The school is committed to promoting equality of opportunity and takes positive steps to make its workplace a fair environment and to ensure it meets legal requirements in accordance with the Equality Act 2010. The nine protected characteristics are:

- Age
- Disability
- Gender Reassignment
- Marriage and Civil Partnership
- Pregnancy and Maternity
- Race
- Religion or Belief
- Sex
- Sexual Orientation

2.0 The purpose of this policy

To encourage the development of a diverse workforce which reflects the community it serves and its diversity profile; where employees understand and promote equality and where equality is part of our culture.

This policy applies to all employees.

The school recognises the unique contribution each employee can make and will promote a climate of respect for all, requiring colleagues to treat each other with fairness, dignity and respect.

The school will oppose any form of discrimination against job applicants or employees on the grounds of age, disability, gender, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sexual orientation, marriage or civil partnership status, trade union activity or responsibility for dependents.

The school will ensure all employment policies and practices, including recruitment and selection, learning and development, promotion and pay are non-discriminatory, in line with relevant employment legislation and best practice.

3.0 The principles of this policy

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring compliance with the policy and will ensure employment decisions are based on job related, objective criteria, particularly when:

- recruiting employees;
- making decisions about work-related opportunities, promotion and pay issues;
- managing employee performance through appraisals;
- allocating training opportunities to employees;
- managing pregnant employees and employees with dependent care responsibilities;
- managing change, including reorganisations and restructures;
- managing requests for flexible working and paid or unpaid leave;
- managing attendance and/or absence issues.

Employees are responsible for ensuring compliance with this policy and must not:

- unfairly discriminate against other colleagues, or job applicants;
- encourage colleagues to treat others unfairly or to practice discrimination;
- victimise people who have made allegations or complaints of discrimination or who have been witnesses in cases of discrimination

Employees have the right not to be victimised or treated less favourably because they have made a complaint about discrimination during either present or previous employment, or have assisted someone else's complaint by giving evidence.

An employee who feels that they have been subject to unfair discrimination can raise the issue informally with his/her manager, or formally under the school's Harassment and Bullying Procedure.

Employees who are alleged to have committed an act of unfair discrimination may be liable to disciplinary action in accordance with the school's Disciplinary Procedure.

Employees who commit an act of unjustified or unlawful discrimination, or allow discrimination to occur without taking appropriate action, may also be liable to a claim being brought against them by the victim in the Civil Court.

4.0 Supporting disabled employees

Definitions

The Equality Act 2010 has made it easier for a person to show that they are disabled and thus protected from disability discrimination. Under the Act, a person is considered to be a disabled person if they have a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities, which would include things like using a telephone, reading a book or using public transport.

A disability can arise from a wide range of impairments that can be:

- sensory impairments, such as those affecting sight or hearing;
- impairments with fluctuating or recurring effects such as rheumatoid arthritis, myalgic encephalomyelitis (ME)/chronic fatigue syndrome (CFS), fibromyalgia, depression and epilepsy;
- progressive, such as motor neurone disease, muscular dystrophy, forms of dementia and lupus (SLE);
- organ system specific, including respiratory conditions, such as asthma, and cardiovascular diseases such as Angina and gastro intestinal conditions such as Crohn's disease;
- diabetes;
- developmental, such as autistic spectrum disorders (ASD), dyslexia and dyspraxia;
- learning difficulties;
- mental health conditions and mental illnesses, such as depression, schizophrenia, eating disorders, bipolar affective disorders, obsessive compulsive disorders, as well as some personality disorders and selfharming behaviour;
- produced by injury to the body or brain.

The following people are deemed to meet the definition of disability, without having to show that they have an impairment that has (or is likely to have) a substantial, adverse, long-term effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities:

- a person who has cancer, HIV infection or multiple sclerosis;
- a person who is certified as blind or partially sighted by a consultant Ophthalmologist, or is registered as such with a local authority.

Occupational Health or HR can advise further regarding definitions.

5.0 Reasonable adjustments

Employees are encouraged to advise managers and colleagues of their disability to both raise awareness in their workplace and to ensure positive support. However, the school is also aware that the employee has a right to privacy.

Disabled employees are responsible for informing the school (usually via their manager) that they have a disability as defined by the Equality Act 2010, so as to trigger any appropriate processes for the assessment of need and any reasonable adjustment.

6.0 Managers' responsibilities

To ensure managers create a culture that promotes equality of opportunity they should ensure that they:

- promote good practice by ensuring the use of discrimination-free language
- discourage the use of stereotypical views and promote a realistic and positive image of disability and;
- complete a Personal Emergency Exit Procedure (PEEP) as appropriate for disabled employees and review annually.

Process for adjustments requested by employees

These may be made in liaison with Occupational Health or where the adjustments are deemed to be more extensive and relate to working arrangements, a flexible working request should be submitted in line with the schools Flexible Working Policy.

Exit interview process

It is good practice to undertake an exit interview when a member of staff is leaving the School. The person carrying out the exit interview with the member of staff should be accepted by the interviewee as being impartial. The purpose of the interview is to listen carefully to gain information which can be used constructively within the School to make improvements and retain valuable staff.

The main function of the exit interview is to determine why the post holder is leaving and to gather information about the job. Exit interviews are equally useful for people transferring within the same school.

Exit interview - Key considerations

- Conduct the interview on an informal basis and in private.
- Welcome interviewee. Give assurance on confidentiality. Thank them for their participation and explain fully the reason for the interview.
- Advise the interviewee that the reasons for leaving will not affect any future references or offers to work again for the School.
- Open on neutral ground, e.g. asking about the new job.
- Determine whether the employee could be retained (if desirable).
- Ascertain the major reasons for leaving.
- Deal with any specific issues, e.g. finish date, holiday pay.
- Invite discussion on the job, the working atmosphere and working conditions.
- Ascertain whether there are training implications but take care to avoid giving a false impression that training will be provided if they decide to remain.
- Invite suggestions for improving operations within their area of work (e.g. policies and practices).
- Ask if they wish to discuss other issues.
- Review the job description and make any necessary amendments.
- Ensure that no promises are made in relation to regrading if trying to get the employee to remain within the School.

Should any concerns be raised during the exit interview that require investigation it is important that the individual conducting the exit interview raises these with the HR Traded Services Team.

The school/ trust should retain exit interviews for no longer than is necessary and keep them securely, in accordance with data protection rules. Advice on retention periods should be sought from the school/trust Data Protection Officer.

Exit interview form

Employee's details

Name:	
Name of School:	
Current position:	
Start Date:	
Manager:	
Leaving date:	
Date of Exit Interview:	
Exit interviewer:	
What first attracted you to work for this school?	
Were your expectations met?	
3. What did you enjoy most about your job role and/	or working at the school?
4. What did you enjoy the least about your job role a	ind/ or working at the school?

5. If you could change something within the school and / or your role what would it be?

••••	
	Describe the working relationship you have with a) colleagues, and b) headteacher/manager.
 7	Did you receive induction training?
,.	Yes / No
8.	If yes, could it have been improved and if so, how?
9.	Did you feel that you received sufficient training, instruction and support to enable you to perform your job effectively?
	Yes / No
10. 	If, no, please state what would have helped.
11.	What was your main reason for your leaving?

12. Is there anything that would have encouraged you to stay?		
13. Would you consider returning to a) the school/MAT as an employee in the future?		
14. If not, why not?		
15. Do you have any other comments you would like to make?		
16. (If relevant) Do you wish to pursue a grievance in relation to any of the issues raised in this interview?		
Yes / No		
17. Where are you going? (Leaving destination)		
Please indicate the type of organisation you are joining		
Another school in Luton Another school outside Luton Further study Self-employment		
Not working Change in career Other (please specify):		
18. Reasons for leaving (you may wish to tick more than one box)		
Please indicate your main reason(s) for leaving:		
Promotion Career Development Dissatisfaction with management style Improved benefits Work environment Nearer to place of work		

Increased job satisfaction

Dissatisfaction with pay
Way work is organised
Dissatisfaction with conditions of service
Insufficient challenge
Lack of promotion / career development
Discrimination
Lack of training and development
Harassment
Experience(s) of violence or aggression at work
Partner moving out of area
Ill health
Other domestic reasons
Travel abroad
Difficulty travelling to and from work
Flexibility of working hours
Workload/stress
Other please specify:

If there are areas of concern it may be necessary for the School to arrange to meet with you/discuss the feedback with you, to gather more information. HR advice and guidance may also be sought.

Signature of leaver
Date:
Signature of interviewer:
Date:

Thank you for your participation

Safer recruitment checklist

This checklist should be used in conjunction with the Safer Recruitment and Selection Policy.

Check to ensure the job description is accurate. Check to ensure the person specification is accurate. Assemble the panel members ensuring that one has been safer recruitment trained (if applicable) Advertise. Ensure the advert includes the safeguarding statement whether it is exempt from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act and states that CVs will only be accepted alongside a fully completed application form. Ensure all safer recruitment supporting documents that accompany the advert are up-to-date and contain all the relevant documentation as per the guidance in the Safer Recruitment and Selection Policy. Before the interview Secrutinise all applications to ensure that they are completed in full and address any gaps or discrepancies. Record candidates' details for equality monitoring purposes and to ensure compliance with the Equality Act (2010). Shortlist candidates involving the panel. Request two references in writing using the pro forma. References must be from the current or most recent employer. However, if the applicant is not currently working with children but has done so in the past, an additional reference should be obtained from the employer by whom the person was most recently employed in work with children. Send out an invitation to interview and criminal record self-disclosure form. On receipt of references, follow up written references by phone to ensure veracity of author and to explore any of the content that is omitted/unclear/ambiguous (a note of the conversation must be kept). Remember, no response from a referee equals no reference. Socrutinise the information given against the application form and note down any discrepancies ready to clarify at the interview. Online pre-employment screening The panel meets to devise standard questions for all candidates, weightings on questions and devise any tests or practical exercises. Include questions which explore suitability to work with children based on past experience and on the information provided in the application and referen	Preliminaries	
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	undertake the work in question, if in doubt, or it appears that the candidate does not	
	have the appropriate eligibility to work in the UK then contact the Luton HR Traded	
	Services for advice.	
	Inspect and photocopy original qualifications relevant to the post.	
	Apply tests/practical exercises which measure ability under the person specification,	
	particularly in relation to working with children.	
Evaluate the candidate's ability to support the school's agenda for safeguarding and		
	promoting the welfare of children.	
	Ask all agreed questions carefully noting and scoring the answers.	
Ask any candidate with a gap in their employment to fully explain the gap.	Ask any candidate with a gap in their employment to fully explain the gap.	

Ask candidates to confirm whether the information provided on their criminal convictions self-disclosure form is still accurate. If candidates have provided information about a conviction(s) that is not 'protected' then it will be necessary to discuss the disclosure with the candidate.

Ask the candidate to explain any concerns over discrepancies arising from information provided by the candidate or on a reference.

If, for whatever reason, references were not obtained before the interview, the candidate should be asked if there is anything s/he wishes to declare/discuss in light of the questions on the reference.

Post interview

Scrutinise all the recruitment information provided thus far and ensure that it is complete before deciding who to offer the post to.

Offer the preferred candidate the position conditionally subject to satisfactory checks.

Carry out a DBS/Barred List Check on the preferred candidate.

Send out the follow up reference request, requesting sickness absence information.

If, for whatever reason, references were not obtained before the interview, obtain and scrutinise the references.

Check the veracity of the preferred candidate's qualifications by telephoning the Awarding Body (if necessary).

Ensure the preferred candidate has submitted the medical questionnaire to Occupational Health for analysis.

Monitor medical and disclosure clearances.

Ensure all checks are confirmed in writing.

Arrange for the storage of interview notes and photocopied documents

Prepare the induction of the new employee, to include Code of Conduct (must be signed for) and relationships/boundaries with young people.

Handle feedback requests from any unsuccessful candidates.

Only after all checks have proved satisfactory

Complete the necessary paperwork for the Schools HR and Payroll Team to arrange for the contract of employment to be sent out and for pay and pension purposes.

Enter successful candidate's details on the school's personnel database, including equalities data.

Advise relevant school-based personnel of the successful candidate's details and start date.

Ensure the completed copy of this checklist and all the relevant documents are carefully filed.

Post Appointment Induction

- Commence an induction programme for all newly appointed staff and volunteers regardless of previous experience.
- With regards to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children, the induction programme should include information about, and written statements of policies and procedures in relation to safeguarding and promoting welfare e.g. child protection, anti-bullying, anti-racism, physical intervention/restraint, intimate care, internet safety and any local child protection/safeguarding procedures. Safe practice and the standards of conduct and behaviour expected of staff and pupils in the establishment; how and with whom any concerns about those issues should be raised; and, other relevant personnel procedures e.g. disciplinary, capability and whistle-blowing.
- The programme should also include attendance at child protection training appropriate to the person's role.

Monitoring	
Review the recruitment and selection event and identify strengths and weaknesses.	
Address the areas that could be improved.	
Build on areas that are strong.	
Share good practice with other schools if appropriate.	

Signed:
Print name:
School:
Date:

Safer recruitment and selection policy statement.

The following statements should be used in all recruitment and selection literature to attract suitable applicants as well as deter unsuitable ones.

'The school is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and expects all staff to share this commitment. Applicants must be willing to undergo child protection screening appropriate to the post, including checks with past employers and the Disclosure and Barring Scheme'.

'CVs will only be accepted alongside a completed application form. A CV on its own will not provide adequate information and does not replace the need for candidates to explain how they meet the essential criteria in full. Please contact......if you need assistance'.

'Experience of working in a school environment is essential for this post'. (as appropriate).

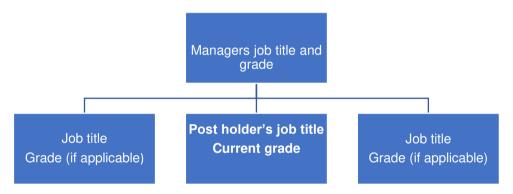
'Experience of working in a school environment is desirable for this post'. (as appropriate).

JOB DESCRIPTION

Title:	
School:	
Responsible to:	
Grade:	

Purpose of post:

Organisation chart:



Principal responsibilities:

1.	%
2.	%
3.	%
4.	%
5.	%
6.	%
7.	%
8.	%

Dimensions

Supervisory Management: Financial Resources: Physical Resources:

Other:		
Physical Effort:		
Working Environment:		

Context:

All support staff are part of a whole school team. They are required to support the values and ethos of the school and school priorities as defined in the School Improvement Plan. This will mean focussing on the needs of colleagues, parents and pupils and being flexible in a busy pressurised environment. It is the individual's responsibility for promoting and safeguarding the welfare of children and young people s/he is responsible for or comes into contact with.

DBS

This post meets the definition of 'Regulated Activity' as defined in the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 (as amended).

Because of the nature of this job, it will be necessary for an enhanced DBS check to be undertaken. This post is exempt from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 and therefore applicants are required to declare all unspent cautions and convictions; and also any adult cautions (simple or conditional), and spent convictions that are not protected as defined by the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975 (as amended in 2020). A person's criminal record will not in itself prevent a person from being appointed to this post. Applicants will not be refused posts because of offences which are not relevant to, and do not place them at or make them a risk in, the role for which they are applying. However, in the event of the employment being taken up, any failure to disclose such offence, as detailed above, will result in dismissal or disciplinary action by the Authority.

The school is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and expects all staff to share this commitment. Applicants must be willing to undergo child protection screening appropriate to the post, including checks with past employers and the Disclosure and Barring Service.

Person Specification

This acts as selection criteria and gives an outline of the types of person and the characteristics required to do the job.

Essential (E): without which candidate would be rejected Desirable (D): useful for choosing between two good candidates.

Please make sure, when completing your application form, you give clear examples of how you meet the **essential** and **desirable criteria**.

Attributes	Essential	How	Desirable	How
		measured		measured
Experience				
Skills/Abilities	Able to converse with ease with members of the public and provide effective help or advice in accurate and fluent spoken English	1,2,5		
Competencies	Able to demonstrate: appropriate motivation to work with			
	young people ability to form appropriate			
	relationships with young people			
	emotional resilience in working with challenging behaviours			
	appropriate attitudes to use of authority and maintaining discipline.			
Equality Issues				
Specialist Knowledge				
Education and Training				

Other Requirements		

(1 = Application Form 2 = Interview 3 = Test 4 = Proof of Qualification 5 = Practical Exercise) We will consider any reasonable adjustments under the terms of the Equality Act (2010) to enable an applicant with a disability (as defined under the Act) to meet the requirements of the post.

The Job-holder will ensure that the schools' policies are reflected in all aspects of his/her work, in particular those relating to:

- (i) Equal Opportunities
- (ii) Health and Safety
- (iii) Data Protection Act (2018)

In addition to candidates' ability to perform the duties of the post, the interview will also explore issues relating to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children including:

- Motivation to work with children and young people;
- Ability to form and maintain appropriate relationships and personal boundaries with children and young people;
- Emotional resilience in working with challenging behaviours; and, attitudes to use of authority and maintaining discipline.

The school is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and expects all staff to share this commitment. Applicants must be willing to undergo child protection screening appropriate to the post, including checks with past employers and the Disclosure and Barring Service.

Person specification phrases

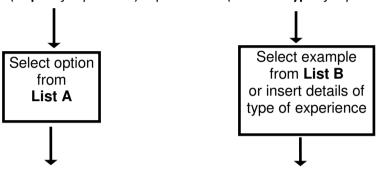
Experience

(The context in which a person will have applied their knowledge, skills and abilities)

Phrases need to be in a format which will describe the **depth** of experience and the **type** of experience. The **type** of experience should be as specific as possible.

The suggested format is:

(**Depth** of experience) experience of (state the **type** of experience)



List A

Depth of experience

Some

Demonstrable

In-depth

Substantial

List B

Type of experience

These will include:

Supervisory

Management

policy/strategy development and implementation

curriculum co-ordination

assessment, monitoring and record keeping

supporting learning needs of pupils

co-ordination of special education needs

financial planning

Clerical

Administrative

word-processing packages spreadsheet packages database packages

Library

community

finance/accountancy

information technology/management

Cleaning

grounds maintenance

Catering

Remember to avoid any duplication with 'Skills and Abilities' criteria

Example phrases:

Some experience of staff supervision.

Demonstrable experience in a senior management role.

Demonstrable experience of implementing projects and initiatives.

Demonstrable experience of working with people from Asian communities

In-depth experience of providing social care in either a paid or voluntary capacity

Some experience of operating an emergency telephone call service

Substantial experience of financial planning

Some experience of teaching in a multi-cultural context.

Some experience of working in partnership with parents.

Demonstrable experience of delivering INSET.

Some experience of developing and maintaining resources in a subject area.

Substantial experience of working collaboratively with other professionals.

Some experience of supporting pupils with special educational needs.

In-depth experience of developing and implementing policy relating to (.....)

Demonstrable experience of using word processing and spreadsheet packages.

Demonstrable experience of basic administration and clerical work

In-depth experience of operating and maintaining a technical library

Some experience of working within financial and administrative procedures

Substantial experience of preparing and managing large and complex budgets

Demonstrable experience of developing, implementing and managing information technology strategies.

Some experience of performing basic cleaning operations including sweeping, mopping, dusting.

Demonstrable experience of using floor cleaning and polishing machinery.

Person specification phrases

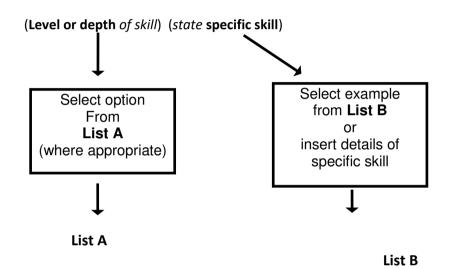
Skills and abilities

(What a person must be able to do)

Phrases need to be in a format which will describe the **level or depth** of the skill (where this is appropriate) and the **specific skill** required.

The percentage figure attached to the principle responsibilities on the job description will indicate the frequency that a skill will be required. This will allow any necessary reasonable adjustments to be identified which will enable a person with a disability to do the job.

The suggested format is:



Level or depth of skill

Ability to acquire (learning situation)

Basic

Skilled

Demonstrable

In-depth

Substantial

Specific skills and abilities

(See next 2 pages)

Example phrases:

Demonstrable numeracy skills - able to calculate percentages and VAT.

Basic literacy skills - able to read letters and work procedures.

Substantial management skills - able to lead and manage employees at the school.

Ability to acquire EXCEL spreadsheet skills to produce and amend straightforward spreadsheets.

Demonstrable organisational skills - able to manage periods of heavy and conflicting demands.

Substantial judgement - able to analyse complex sensitive situations and find effective solutions.

In-depth word-processing skills - able to produce a wide range of complex documents and forms. Basic organisational skills - able to organise own workload.

Demonstrable accuracy - able to maintain accurate manual and computer-based records.

Substantial communications skills - able to negotiate with and influence others at a senior level.

Able to give effective presentations to interested groups.

Able to work to strict deadlines and targets.

Specific skills and abilities

These will include:

Numeracy Skills

able to add, subtract, multiply, divide

- balance and record cash receipts
- calculate percentages and proportions
- analyse and interpret large amounts of data and produce meaningful statistics
- support the learning of pupils in Numeracy at KS...
- perform complex calculations

Literacy Skills

- able to read letters and work procedures.
- read and comprehend complex reports.
- draft simple letters
- write straightforward reports
- write complex reports

Management, Supervisory, Leadership Skills

- able to supervise a group of staff
- ensure that work outputs and standards are maintained
- build and motivate an effective team
- lead and manage the (insert function)
- direct and support the (insert function)
- delegate responsibility to facilitate personal development.
- lead the development and maintenance of professional standards

Communication skills

(If it is not appropriate, then omit Part A of the phrase and use only Part B "Able to....")

- deal with enquiries from parents and pupils.
- deal politely and tactfully with a wide range of people.
- give advice within specific guidelines
- give effective presentations to school staff e.g. INSET.
- speak effectively to large groups.
- consult with others inside and outside the school.
- persuade others and gain commitment from them
- negotiate with and influence others.
- effectively speak (state which particular language) language.

Work demands and deadlines

(If it is not appropriate, then omit Part A of the phrase and use only Part B "Able to....")

- work to strict work deadlines and targets.
- work within and meet competing deadlines and targets.
- meet conflicting work demands, targets and deadlines.

- undertake a diverse workload.
- manage periods of heavy and conflicting work demands.
- manage constant and often conflicting work demands.

Organisational skills

- able to follow (simple/straightforward/complex) procedures / guidelines.
- work within established procedures.
- organise own workload.
- prioritise workload to meet targets.
- plan and organise workloads to meet deadlines.
- work in (collaboration/co-operation/conjunction) with others in the team.
- plan and organise the work of the section.

Judgement

(If it is not appropriate, then omit Part A of the phrase and use only Part B "Able to.....")

- work unsupervised
- work with the minimum of supervision.
- use own initiative within defined procedures.
- establish facts and take action within procedures.
- analyse and interpret data.
- undertake research and assess results.
- make professional judgements.
- decisive and able to exercise judgement within an agreed framework

Accuracy and Speed

(If it is not appropriate, then omit Part A of the phrase and use only Part B)

- accurate computer data entry skills (and insert speed required e.g. x items per minute)
- accurate typing/word-processing skills at (x) words per minute
- able to maintain accurate (manual /computer based) records
- methodical and accurate approach to work tacks
- accurate and thorough attention to detail

Specific Skills

(These are many and varied, so a limited selection of examples have been listed).

Accountancy Administration Analytical Budget Planning

Caring Clerical

Computer Programming

Financial

Financial Administration Grounds Maintenance Health and Safety Horticultural Interviewing Joinery Keyboard Project Planning

Training
Supervisory

Person specification phrases

COMPETENCIES

(What a person must be able to do in order to perform the job effectively)

Competencies are the skills required in order to perform the job effectively and are based on the premise that past behaviour predicts future performance.

The person specification must indicate how these skills and abilities will be tested and assessed during the selection process.

Issues relating to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children are of paramount importance and should be assessed as a competency to assess actual attitudes and motivations.

The following areas should be explored:

Ability to form and maintain appropriate relationships and personal boundaries with children and young people. Emotional resilience in working with challenging behaviours; and, attitudes to use of authority and maintaining discipline.

To further assist you, some example questions have been developed which can be used to test at interview a candidate's knowledge and understanding of the criteria in terms of safeguarding children.

Further guidance on competency-based interviewing is detailed in Appendix 14.

Example phrases:

Demonstrable experience of implementing safeguarding children projects and initiatives. Experience of child protection issues.

Experience of supporting pupils with regards to child protection issues.

Demonstrable experience with dealing of allegations of abuse against teachers and other staff.

Demonstrable experience of safeguarding children procedures and processes.

Demonstrable experience in maintaining classroom discipline.

Example questions:

What attracted you to teaching/this post/at this school?

What do you see as the rewards of teaching?

How do you think your own childhood may have influenced your practice with students?

What motivates you to work with young people?

Tell us about your interests outside work.

What do you think are the professional challenges facing teachers today?

Give an example of where you have had to deal with bullying behaviour between pupils? What did you do? What made it successful? How could you have done better?

Young people can develop 'crushes'. How would you deal with this?

What would you do if you were concerned about a colleague's behaviour towards children?

Give an example of how you have managed poor pupil behaviour?

Give an example of when you have had to respond to challenging behaviour. How did it affect you emotionally? How did you cope with the aftermath?

When do you think it is appropriate to intervene physically in a situation involving young people?

What makes a school safe and caring?

What policies are important to support a safe environment?

What are staff's responsibilities in protecting children?

How do you define an appropriate teacher (school secretary, teaching assistant etc.) / pupil relationship?

Give examples of what you would consider to be inappropriate and appropriate behaviour.

Give an example of a project you worked on which involved drawing up a safeguarding policy?

Give an example of a time when you were involved in a child protection issue. What did you do? What was the outcome?

Candidates should be asked to relate to their actual experiences, attitudes and abilities. Therefore, hypothetical questions should be avoided where possible as they are insufficiently challenging. (However, they may be necessary with an inexperienced candidate, or someone who has not worked with children before).

PERSON SPECIFICATION PHRASES

EQUALITY ISSUES

(What a person needs to know to avoid discrimination)

Equality issues are important to the school and have a dedicated section on the person specification

It is recommended that at least one essential Equality Issue criterion is included in the person specification.

To further assist you, some example questions have been developed which can be used to test at interview a candidate's knowledge and understanding of the criteria.

Senior Management - no example questions have been included. At this level the questions will need to be tailored to the exact nature of the job.

General phrase

Have some understanding of the term 'Equal Opportunities'

Example questions that may be used to test the criterion:

What is your understanding of the term 'Equal Opportunities'? What does the term 'Equal Opportunities' mean to you?

Front-line staff - for example receptionist, clerical & administrative assistants.

Able to identify some types of discrimination that commonly exist.

Example questions that may be used to test the criterion

- What common types of discrimination are you aware of?
- What is your understanding of the term 'discrimination'?

The candidate must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of discrimination on service delivery and on the people, they are working with.

Example questions that may be used to test the criterion

- Can you give an example of having seen a person or a group of people being discriminated against?
- What was the effect of that discrimination?
- Were you able to assist the person or group being discriminated against in any way?
- Can you give an example of when you have had to provide a service to someone, say, from a minority ethnic group or a disabled person?
- Was there anything you had to do differently or caused you a particular problem?
- How were you able to resolve any problems?

Supervisor level

Able to identify when discrimination is taking place in service delivery or in the work-place.

Example questions that may be used to test the criterion

- Can you give some examples of what would constitute discrimination in service delivery?
- Can you give some examples of what would constitute discrimination in the work-place?
- Able to take appropriate action where discrimination is identified.

Example questions that may be used to test the criterion

- Can you give an example of where you have identified discrimination in any form?
- What action, if any, did you take?
- Why did you take that particular course of action?
- What options did you consider?
- What was the effect of the action?

Manager level

Demonstrable knowledge and understanding of equality issues and legislation - able to integrate equality policies into business plans, strategies, service delivery and employment practices

Senior Management level

Able to demonstrate a clear understanding of what constitutes unfair discrimination and its effects on disadvantaged groups.

Able to demonstrate successful implementation of strategies, policies and initiatives to improve service delivery and employment opportunities to disadvantaged groups.

Demonstrable knowledge and understanding of equality issues and legislation - able to integrate equality policies into business plans, strategies, service delivery and employment practices.

Person specification phrases

SPECIALIST KNOWLEDGE

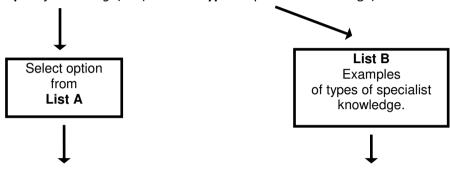
(What a person must know to do the job effectively and must relate to the level of the job)

Only include specialist knowledge if it required to do the job.

Any specialist knowledge required should be at the level appropriate to the job.

The suggested format is:

(**Level** or **depth** of knowledge) of (state the **type** of specialist knowledge)



List B

List A

Depth of specialist knowledge

Some Demonstrable In-depth

Substantial

Depth of specialist knowledge

Examples of specialist knowledge

Health & Safety Regulations. Literacy/Numeracy strategy Data protection legislation National curriculum at KS. Accountancy principals. Child development. Code of practice.

Role of governing bodies.

Child protection.

Local management of school principles.

Examples of acceptable phrases

- Some knowledge of data protection regulations
- In-depth knowledge of Health & Safety Regulations
- Substantial knowledge of child development and of how children learn.
- Demonstrable knowledge of national curriculum at KS2.
- Some knowledge and understanding of cultural and social care need of Pakistani people.
- Demonstrable appreciation of the issues affecting education in an urban, multi-cultural environment.
- Some knowledge of VAT regulations.
- Demonstrable knowledge of the national literacy strategy
- Some knowledge of teachers pay and conditions of employment.

Person specification phrases

OTHER REQUIREMENTS

(Other requirements needed by a person that do not fit under other headings)

Bear in mind the provisions of the Equality Act 2010 and ensure the criteria is a **reasonable** requirement of the job and is **justifiable**.

Only include items under essential criteria if they are genuinely necessary.

Whenever possible, specify the <u>frequency</u> of these requirements (e.g. daily, 2/week, 6/year etc.). These should realistic and not exaggerated.

Examples of acceptable phrases

- Full current driving licence. (....but only use if a driving job)
- Able to travel throughout the Borough. (...and insert the associated frequency)
- Able to attend site visits/meetings throughout the Borough.(...and insert associated frequency)
- Able to undertake site inspections. (....and insert associated frequency).
- Able to undertake site surveys including use of ladder. (...but only if an actual requirement).
- Able to adjust working hours to suit service and job demands. (...and insert associated frequency).
- Able to work evenings and weekends if necessary. (...and insert associated frequency).
- Able to attend evening meetings. (...and insert associated frequency).
- Able to be called out in the event of an emergency. (...and insert associated frequency).
- Able to work shift arrangements necessary to provide cover for a 24-hour service operation.

Able to work out of normal office hours on a regular basis. (...and insert associated frequency).

Appendix 7

Scrutinising record template

This form will help enable schools ensure that all areas of recruitment and selection are thoroughly scrutinised. The form should be completed by the appropriate person(s). In all cases, the recruitment panel should receive this form before interview if the candidate is short listed.

Candidates Name		
Role Applied For		
Closing Date of Role		
Application form		
Anomalies, gaps or concerns	Date investigated	Result of follow up
Dates		
Employment history		
Qualifications		
Referees given		
Repeated changes		
Career progression		
Mid-career move (e.g. perm to supply)		
Other		
Did the application form have t	o be returned to tl	ne applicant for completion?
Date form returned to applican	+•	
Date applicant returned form:		
Does the applicant meet the cr	iteria in the persor	specification?
Yes / No		
Is the applicant short listed for	interview?	
Yes / No		

References

NB: One reference must be from the short-listed applicants current or last employer where they last worked with children.

	Reference 1	Reference 2
Referees Name		
Relationship to applicant		
Date reference requested		
Date referenced chased (if applicable)		
Date reference received		
Reference completed in full?	Yes / No	Yes / No
Date referee contacted for further information/clarification (if applicable) NB: The referee must confirm this in writing		

Date reference scrutinised against application form
Anomalies, gaps or concerns identified? NB: These must be addressed at interview.
The Interview
Self-declaration form submitted and discussed?
Document to prove eligibility to work in the UK provided
Qualifications provided
Do they match the qualifications listed on the application form? Yes / No
Identity check provided (document containing photo)
NB: Verify, copy, sign and date these documents.

List of anomalies, gaps or concerns	Candidate's response

to the control of the	

NB: The interview grid must also be completed.

At the end of the interview, inform the candidate of the next steps and that if they are successful, their post will be subject to a satisfactory medical clearance, DBS check, qualifications verification and any outstanding checks.

Appendix 8

Shortlisting applicants and completion of form

The following steps should be taken to complete the shortlisting form:

- 1. Using the Person Specification, write <u>all</u> of the essential criteria (marked 'E') in the column headings on the shortlisting form. Draw further lines if more columns are needed. Desirable criteria should not be used at this stage for shortlisting.
- 2. Using the application form, allocate one of the following scores for each criteria:
 - 0 = Does not meet requirements/No evidence.
 - 1 = Some evidence but insufficient to assess fully.
 - 2 = Appears to meet requirements.
 - 3 = Definitely meets requirements.

For applicants who score '0' against one of the essential criteria, there is no need to score the remaining criteria as all essential criteria must be met to effectively carry out the job.

Some criteria are not always easy to assess from the application form e.g. 'must be a flexible worker', 'numerate' or willing to work unsociable hours'. If this is the case and the candidate has not given any examples, give them a score of '1'. If examples are given, score the candidate as normal.

- 3. Total each applicant's scores. The highest scoring applicants should be invited to interview although consideration should be given as to whether the applicants have scored 'high enough' to warrant an interview. There should be a clear break in scores between those you shortlisted for interview and those not invited. If you have candidates with similar scores, select and score one desirable criteria and add this to the total score. On average, a maximum of six applicants should be invited to each day of interviews. Tick the 'Shortlisted' column for those invited.
- 4. Notify <u>all</u> applicants by letter of the shortlisting outcome. Undertake the interviews. Keep any copies of this form and your notes in a locked cabinet for one year.

SHORTLISTING PROFORMA
For completion by the recruiting manager
Post
Date of Shortlisting
Names of Short listers

Please indicate below using the necessary letters which selection criteria taken from the job description and personnel specification each candidate has/has not met. The candidates who meet the most selection criteria will be shortlisted. All panel members should sign to show they agree with the decisions indicated.

- 0 = Does not meet requirements/No evidence.
- 1 = Some evidence but insufficient to assess fully.
- 2 = Appears to meet requirements.
- 3 = Definitely meets requirements.

	Candidate names or number							Short- listed? Y/N	Reason for decision	
Essential Criteria (write the actual criteria here from the job description & personnel specification)										
Desirable Criteria										

NOTES

Signature of panel members:-

Guidance for carrying out an online search for shortlisted candidates

The statutory guidance, Keeping Children Safe in Education 2022, introduced a new paragraph relating to preemployment screening. It states:

"In addition, as part of the shortlisting process schools and colleges should consider carrying out an online search as part of their due diligence on the shortlisted candidates. This may help identify any incidents or issues that have happened, and are publicly available online, which the school or college might want to explore with the applicant at interview".

The following guidance sets out the factors and actions schools should consider in undertaking such searches.

1. Key considerations:

- 'should' in statutory guidance, as used in the above quoted paragraph, means that you should do it unless you have a good reason not to; if you have a good reason not to, it is wise to have a written rationale for this
- 'should consider' is not the same as 'should undertake' in other words, you could consider doing online checks and decide they are not appropriate. However, it is difficult to think of many (if any) circumstances in which you might decide not to undertake the checks
- 'online search' is not the same as a search of candidates' social media activity
- schools must only seek information which is publicly available online
- schools should only look for information related to the key purpose of the search i.e. to identify issues which may indicate that the person may be unsuitable to work with children (or to verify employment history in the case of business social media sites)

2. Who does the check apply to:

Shortlisted candidates, including employees, governors and trustees

3. Recorded information

Information recorded from an online search may be subject to data protection legislation and would need to be disclosed under a Subject Access Request. It is therefore essential that the information recorded is fair, factual and does not introduce personal bias or opinion.

4. The process

a) Ensure you are transparent with applicants

The Safer Recruitment and Selection Policy, Applicant Privacy Notice, application form and template letter have been updated to ensure that applicants are aware that on-line searches will be carried out, should they be shortlisted.

b) Separate functions to avoid discrimination

Best practice is to ask an appropriate and competent person who is not part of the selection panel to undertake the online searches in order to avoid the selection panel seeing irrelevant information which might influence them consciously or unconsciously. A potential risk in undertaking online searches is discrimination. A recruiter who views an individual's online presence may see or assume information about their age, gender, race, religious or political views, sexual orientation or family circumstances, which are all irrelevant to the

selection process. This may lead to unconscious bias i.e. making a judgement about the applicant, even unintentionally. This could risk an unsuccessful applicant claiming the decision amounted to discrimination – suggesting that the real reason they did not get the role is because they are from a particular ethnic group, age group etc.

The individual conducting the online search should be provided with a clear and focussed remit so that they are only identifying issues related to the stated purpose of the search (see Appendix 9A).

As the employer, the school will remain responsible for how the information received via the search is used and liable for any decisions made on the basis of the information. If you decide to use a third-party provider you must make this clear in your Applicant Privacy Notice.

c) Conducting the on-line search

Only information which is publicly available should be viewed. A simple search engine search is sufficient to identify any information which is readily available. All reasonable efforts should be made to ensure that the correct individual is identified. Schools should not ask the applicant or others who may know them for access to, or information about, their private online presence or accounts. We do not recommend asking applicants to provide their social media account addresses or details.

Candidates should not be treated differently in relation to whether or not they have any public online presence.

d) Explore any concerns arising with the applicant

Where areas of concern arise, the panel should discuss these with the applicant at interview, providing the opportunity for them to offer context and explanation. This also provides a double check that the information found does relate to the individual concerned.

If information has been discovered, this should be compared with the candidate's application form, employment history and criminal / suitability self-disclosure and then discussed with the applicant at interview — the questions asked and responses provided by the applicant should be recorded on the interview notes.

Criminal information found via a search engine is still covered by the filtering rules – if the conviction / caution would be filtered, it should not be discussed with the candidate and cannot be taken into account. To check what convictions/cautions apply please refer to DBS filtering guide.

If the information relates to a serious incident or demonstrates that the candidate has been dishonest in their application / self-disclosure, seek advice from the LADO and Luton HR Traded Services team before discussing with the candidate at interview.

The panel will need to make a judgement on the basis of what they have seen and heard – similarly to how they would assess a positive DBS e.g. considering relevance, seriousness, timeline (i.e. recent matters or historic), explanation - ultimately whether they genuinely believe the matters indicate unsuitability to work with children. The panel should document their decisions.

e) Destroy information

Once the employment decision has been made, any documents (e.g. screen shots) gathered as part of the online search should be destroyed. Only the decision should be recorded as part of the interview notes and the information should not be recorded on the school's Single Central Record.

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

Scope for online searches on shortlisted candidates

Candidate Name	
Post applied for	
Search conducted by	
Is this person independent to	YES / NO
the shortlisting panel?	
Date of search	

DO NOT RECORD ANY INFORMATION RELATED TO INDIVIDUAL CHARACTERISTICS SUCH AS AGE, RACE, RELIGION, POLITICAL VIEWS, OR FAMILY CIRCUMSTANCES.

Which search engine(s) was used to carry out the search e.g. Google	
Are there hits from a search on the employee's name?	YES / NO
From the information available from the search is there any information which raises potential concerns about their suitability to work with children, for example: • evidence of inappropriate or offensive behaviour (e.g. discrimination, derogatory language) • drug or alcohol misuse • indecent or offensive images/videos • other similar matters Provide details, evidence and timescale if possible (e.g. recent or historic).	
What is the source of this information? (e.g. news article, document, website, social media etc.)	
What checks have you done to verify that your search has identified the applicant correctly (e.g. full name match, current employer match, DOB match)? (Indicate if there is uncertainty)	

If information is available – does their work	
history match the information the applicant	
provided?	
Detail any discrepancies or concerns	

This information is to be passed only to the selection panel after shortlisting.

Invitation to interview pro-forma

NAME ADDRESS

DATE

Dear **NAME**

Invite to interview - JOB TITLE AND SCHOOL

Following receipt of your application form, you have been shortlisted for the above post and are therefore invited to attend an interview on *DATE, at *TIME at *NAME AND ADDRESS OF VENUE, (map enclosed). Please report to the main reception area on your arrival.

The purpose of the interview is to assess your suitability for the above post and give both the panel and yourself an opportunity to gain further information before making a successful appointment. It is also an opportunity to seek clarification on information which you have provided on the application form and accompanying information.

The selection process and interview questions have been structured around the person specification and job description which were provided with details of the vacant post. We have enclosed an extra copy of these with this letter to assist you with your preparation.

The interview will assess your suitability to work with children and will include questions relating to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children.

Please also bring with you **original** documents confirming your qualifications gained and an original document verifying your eligibility to work in the UK and identity (document with a photograph e.g. passport). Details of which documents are acceptable as proof of eligibility to work in the UK are attached.

Please also ensure that you complete the attached criminal conviction self-disclosure form and bring the completed form with you to your interview.

The panel will comprise of *NAMES and JOB TITLES.

The interview will take place as follows:

*TIME *EVENT e.g. panel interview, presentation etc... *DURATION

- *With regard to the presentation, we will make a flip chart and overhead projector available but please do not hesitate to contact us if you require other equipment or resources.
- *An expenses claim form for you to reclaim any expenses incurred is also enclosed.

If you are successfully appointed, you will be required to undergo an enhanced DBS check.

I would be grateful if you could contact NAME, **JOB TITLE** and **TEL NO** to confirm your attendance at the interview and whether you require any other equipment or resources for your presentation.

If you have any questions relating to the selection process *NAME will be happy to respond to them.

If you require an adjustment to be made under the Equality Act 2010 to attend this interview please contact or write to us explaining what you require.

We look forward to meeting you on the *DATE.

Yours sincerely

- *NAME
- *JOB TITLE
- *SCHOOL

Completion of interview form

- 1. Write *all* of the essential criteria (marked 'E') in the column headings on the interview form and any desirable criteria you will be testing at interview. Draw further lines if more columns are needed.
- 2. Write the names of the shortlisted applicants at the top of the form.
- 3. Before interviewing, weight any essential criteria which is particularly crucial to the job. For example, the score for 'able to communicate at all levels' could be multiplied by two. This weighting should be agreed by all panel members and will help the strongest candidate stand out on the most important criteria.
- 4. During the interview, use 'behavioural/competency based' interview questions to assess the applicant, e.g. 'Give me an example where you have dealt with a difficult person'. After the interview, award a score for each criteria using the guide below:

1 = Poor

2 = Fair

3 = Average

4 = Good

5 = Excellent

Standards should be set to define what the panel interprets as poor, average, excellent etc. Remember, 'average' is satisfactory and implies that the applicant can do the job.

Keep factual notes of the applicant's responses to help you discuss your score with the panel and decide on a final panel score. Be sure to score against your agreed standards (1-5) and not to compare applicants against each other.

- 5. Total the applicant's scores for the essential criteria only to determine the successful applicant. Although the highest scoring applicant would normally be appointed, consideration should be given as to whether they have actually scored 'high enough' to be able to do the job. If they have consistently scored below '3' then you have scored them as not satisfactory and consequently they should not be offered the post.
- 6. If the two highest scoring applicants have the same score, add the desirable criteria to the score to decide.
- 7. Confirm whether the applicant was successful or not by ticking the option below. If no one was appointed note this clearly on the interview form and the reason why.
- 8. Copy the interview form and keep the copy with the unsuccessful application forms in a locked cabinet for one year.

Interview Assessment Form

Name of candidate:
Position applied for:
Interviewed by:
Date:
Prior to interview transfer selection criteria from the job description and person specification into the below

assessment table.

Use additional rows as necessary using the same format.

Selection Criteria	Selection Criteria Fact/Evidence					
	Α	В	С	D	E	
Qualifications						
Relevant experience						
Skills/Knowledge/Aptitude						
Motivation						
Other						

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1 = Poor

2 = Fair

3 = Average

4 = Good

5 = Excellent

Members of the interviewing panel should use the below table to record the agreed interview questions and the candidate's responses. This will ensure that the interviewing panel will have enough evidence to select the right candidate for the role.

Interview questions to be asked to all candidates	Candidate Response

Conditional offer letter template

PRIVATE A	ND CONFIDENTIAL
NAME	
ADDRESS	

DATE

Dear **NAME**

Re: Conditional offer of employment

Further to your recent interview I am pleased to offer you the post of **JOB TITLE** subject to the satisfactory clearances of the checks listed below. Your Statement of Particulars which constitutes your Contract of Employment with ADD IN SCHOOL will follow at a later date.

Your employment is subject to satisfactory written confirmation of the following:

- Two references, one which must be from your current or last employer where you were engaged in a role that involved working with children (where possible)
- Verification of your identity (with photograph)
- Proof of eligibility to work in the UK
- An enhanced DBS disclosure
- Barred list check
- Verification of qualifications (as appropriate to the post)
- Verification of medical fitness
- (for teaching posts) Teaching Services checks
- (for non-teaching posts) completion of probationary period
- (for overseas candidates) any other appropriate checks

Please note that "Satisfactory" means satisfactory to the school

The school is committed to safeguarding and promoting the safeguarding of children and expects all staff to share this commitment. Applicants must be willing to undergo child protection screening appropriate to the post, including checks with past employers and the DBS.

I wish you well in your employment with School

Yours sincerely

Cc: Headteacher,

Policy of recruitment of ex-offenders

Introduction

The school is committed to equality of opportunity for all job applicants and aims to select people for employment on the basis of their skills, abilities, experience, knowledge and where appropriate, qualifications and training. The school recognises the contribution that ex-offenders can make as employees and volunteers and welcome applications from them. A person's criminal record will not in itself, prevent a person from being appointed to a particular post.

Because of the nature of work, it will be necessary for an enhanced DBS check to be undertaken. All roles within school are exempt from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 and therefore applicants are required to declare all unspent cautions and convictions; and also any adult cautions (simple or conditional), and spent convictions that are not protected as defined by the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975 (as amended in 2020).

Any information given will be treated in the strictest confidence. Suitable applicants will not be refused posts because of offences, which are not relevant to, and do not place them at or make them a risk in, the role for which they are applying.

For further information on criminal record self-declaration for roles that are eligible for standard or enhanced DBS checks please refer to Nacro guidance and the MoJ website.

All cases will be examined on an individual basis and will take the following into consideration:

- whether the caution or conviction is relevant to the position applied for
- the seriousness of any offence revealed
- the age of the applicant at the time of the offence(s)
- the length of time since the offence(s) occurred
- whether the applicant has a pattern of offending behaviour
- the circumstances surrounding the offence(s), and the explanation(s) offered by the person concerned
- whether the applicant's circumstances have changed since the offending behaviour.

If an applicant has any of the following: unspent caution or convictions, adult cautions (simple or conditional), spent convictions that are not protected as defined by the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975 (as amended in 2020), and if the nature of the offence is relevant to the job for which he/she has applied, the school will review the individual circumstances of the case considering the factors listed above and may, at its discretion, decline to select the individual for employment.

If an employee is convicted during the course of their employment, it will be the responsibility of the employee to notify their headteacher. If the nature of the offence is relevant to their job, the school will review the individual circumstances of the case and may terminate their employment through the appropriate disciplinary procedure. The individual may be suspended whilst the review is carried out. Please refer to the schools Disciplinary Procedure, and seek HR Advice.

Positive DBS guidance

When a disclosure report reveals information, the school's recruitment team (where a school purchases this service) will confidentially discuss this with the recruiting manager / headteacher.

In all cases, a meeting must be held between the headteacher/ recruiting manager and the candidate, and the positive risk assessment completed.

Page 1:

A note of the discussion must be completed, by the headteacher/ recruiting manager, during the meeting. **NB this** is the only information we can keep on file, so please note the information contained on the certificate.

Suggested questions:

- 1) Do you dispute the accuracy of the information disclosed? If yes they need to be advised to contact DBS
- 2) Can you tell me about your offence(s)?
- 3) How did you feel about them at the time?
- 4) How do you feel about them now?
- 5) How can I be sure that you are no longer a risk?
- 6) How is your life different now?

Both the candidate and the headteacher/recruiting manager must sign the declaration.

Page 2:

Headteacher/ recruiting manager to complete page two after the meeting.

Points to Consider:

Relevance

Whether the conviction or other matter revealed is relevant to the position for which they are being considered

Seriousness

The seriousness of any offence or other matter revealed

Age of offences

The length of time since the offence or other matter.

Pattern of offending

Whether the applicant has a pattern of offending behaviour or other relevant matters

Changed circumstances

Whether the candidate's circumstance have changed since the offending behaviour, the circumstances surrounding the offence and the explanation(s) offered by applicant

The headteacher/ recruiting manager must decide on whether to clear the DBS based on the meeting, risk assessment, and the outcome recorded.

If the decision is not to clear the DBS please speak to an HR Advisor before any further action is taken.

Authorisation of the outcome decision must be signed by the headteacher. A copy of this assessment must be stored securely on the candidates HR file.

IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE

Risk assessment for positive DBS disclosures

Name of candidate:	School:					
Position applied for:	Headteacher:					
Date of disclosure:	Tel no:					
Disclosure number:	Recruiting manager					
Repeat DBS check? Yes No	Tel no:					
Brief note of	discussion:					
We confirm that the information noted above is an accurate record of our discussion						
I am aware that a copy of my DBS disclosure and this assessment will be sent to our DBS umbrella body in Human Resources at Luton Council, where it will be retained in accordance with the DBS Code of Practice.						
Applicant Signature:	Headteacher signature:					
Date:	Date:					

POSITIVE DBS RISK ASSESSMENT

1 Did the applic they applied for	ant inform you about the the the position?	e offences when		
Was a full jo	pb/volunteering applicati	on completed?		
Did the can declaration	didate complete criminal form ?	conviction self-		
Did the can correct?	didate sign and state all o	details were		
Did candida	te declare convictions or	n DBS application?		
2 Does their acconnicted on the disclosure	count of the offences refler?			
	3 Does the candidate agree that information held on disclosure is correct?			
4 What bearing the role?	does it have on his/her s	uitability to work in		
· ·	mitigating circumstances time, when it happened.			
	rences been taken. se of concern come out c	of employment		
performance iss allegations?	any related work of workplace			
8 Any additiona	l comments/details:			
Signed headteacher:				
Name		OUTCOME		
Positive OK		Positiv	e reject	contact HR
Signed		Signed	l	
Authorisation decision	by headteacher:			
Signed:		Date:		
Name:		To be kept on HR f		

Personnel file checklist

Name:
ob Title:
1anager:

Document(s)	Date requested	Date received/ completed	Document(s) presented/Notes	Verified by
Signed application form		,		
For those required to drive, copy driving licence and confirmation that employee is insured for business use. Reference (1)				
Reference (2)				
Identity – 2 documents provided at interview				
Proof of qualifications				
Standalone Barred list check				
Teaching Agency registration number (if applicable)				
Satisfactory Enhanced DBS clearance				
Medical clearance				
Proof of eligibility to work in the UK				
If OTT, evidence of gaining QTS within 4 years of starting teaching in the UK.				
Certificate of Sponsorship (migrant workers only)				
Prohibition order check & GTCE Sanctions (if applicable)				
S128 check (if applicable)				

Letter of Good Conduct/letter				
of professional				
standing/other appropriate				
checks (overseas employees)				
Other appropriate checks				
Childcare Disqualification				
Declaration check (where				
applicable)				
Preliminary offer letter				
(if applicable)				
Appointment and pension				
form sent to HR				
(if applicable)				
Contract of Employment				
Contract of Employment				
Date entered on SIMS				
Date entered on single				
central record				
Central record				
Induction programme				
Probationary meeting records				
(support staff only)				
6 weeks				
12 weeks				
20 weeks				
30 weeks				
Induction Period Forms (Early				
Careers Teachers)				
Recruitment checklist				
updated				
,				
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Carrying out right to work checks

You may conduct a physical document check or perform an online check to establish a right to work. can be found in **An Employer's Guide To Right To Work Checks.**

A right work checklist can be accessed at https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/right-to-work-checklist which details which documents are acceptable for each type of check.